SUBSTANCE OVERDOSE / POISONING - ADULT/ADOLESCENT

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Org. Date: 3/2009
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ALS STANDING ORDERS:

- 1. Assist ventilation with BVM and suction airway as needed.
- 2. Pulse oximetry, if room air oxygen saturation less than 95%, administer:
 - ► High-flow oxygen by mask or nasal cannula at 6 l/min flow rate as tolerated.
- 3. Blood glucose analysis, if blood glucose less than 80, administer one of:
 - ► Oral glucose preparation, if tolerated and airway reflexes are intact.
 - ▶ 10% Dextrose 250 mL IV
 - ► Glucagon 1 mg IM if unable to establish IV.

Note: IO access may be used for dextrose administration when patient is unconscious with blood glucose < 80, unable to establish IV and there is no response to IM glucagon.

- 4. For blood pressure less than 90 systolic and lungs clear to auscultation:
 - ► Establish IV access
 - ► Normal Saline, infuse 250 mL IV, repeat up to maximum 1 liter to maintain adequate perfusion
- 5. ALS escort to nearest ERC or contact Base Hospital as needed.

In addition to the general standing orders above, the following apply to specific situations:

Suspected Narcotic Overdose:

- → If respiratory depression (respiratory rate less than or equal to 12 minute), give:
 - ► Naloxone (Narcan TM):
 - 0.8, 1 or 2 mg IN or IM, every 3 minutes as needed; OR
 - 0.4 to 1 mg IV, every 3 minutes as needed; OR
 - 4 mg/0.1 mL preloaded nasal spray IN

Suspected Carbon Monoxide or Cyanide Poisoning:

- ► High flow oxygen by mask
- ► Cardiac monitor and document rhythm.
- → For wheezes or bronchospasm:
 - ▶ Albuterol, Continuous nebulization of 6 mL (5 mg) concentration as tolerated.
 - ► *CPAP if available as tolerated and if not contraindicated (reference PR-120).*
- → For on-going or recurrent seizure activity:
 - ► Midazolam 5 mg IV/IM/IN, may repeat once.

Approved:

(Prathry)

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Suspected Stimulant Intoxication:

- → If agitated and a danger to self or others, sedate with:
 - ► Midazolam 5 mg IV/IM/IN once.
- → If on-going or recurrent seizure activity:
 - ► Midazolam 5 mg IV/IM/IN, may repeat once.
- → Monitor for respiratory adequacy via constant visual monitoring and pulse oximetry: If sudden hypoventilation, oxygen desaturation (per pulse oximetry), or apnea:
 - ► Assist ventilation with BVM (intubate as time permits),
- → Monitor for hyperthermia; initiate cooling measures if appears to have hyperthermia.
- → If signs of dehydration or poor perfusion and lungs clear to auscultation (no evidence CHF):
 - Establish IV access and give 250 mL Normal Saline bolus, may repeat up to maximum 1 liter to maintain adequate perfusion.
- → If continuous nausea or vomiting, administer:
 - ► Ondansetron (Zofran®): ODT 8 mg (two 4 mg tablets) to dissolve orally on inside of cheek; OR.

4 mg IV, may repeat 4mg IV after approximately 3 minutes for continued nausea or vomiting.

Suspected Organophosphate Poisoning (including Chemical Agents):

- ► Atropine 2 mg IV, repeat once as needed, alternate route 2 mg IM, repeat once as needed. (For DuoDote® Kit instructions and dosing during health emergencies or disaster, refer to Guideline B-35).
- → For wheezes or bronchospasm:
 - ► Albuterol, continuous nebulization of 6 mL (5 mg) concentration as tolerated.
 - ► CPAP if available as tolerated and if not contraindicated (reference PR-120).
- → For on-going or recurrent seizure activity:
 - ► Midazolam 5 mg IV/IM/IN, may repeat once.

Suspected Extrapyramidal Reaction

▶ Diphenhydramine (Benadryl®) 50 mg IM or IV once.

